Total number of printed pages-4

3 (Sem-6/CBCS) PHY HC 2

2023

PHYSICS

(Honours Core) Paper : PHY-HC-6026 (Statistical Mechanics) Full Marks : 60 Time : Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

- 1. Answer the following questions : $1 \times 7 = 7$
 - (a) What is the number of microstates if 8 distinguishable particles are distributed in two compartments ?
 - (b) What is ensemble in statistical mechanics?
 - (c) Define phase space.
 - (d) What is the importance of Kirchhoff's law of radiation ?
 - (e) Give one example of bosons.

(f) What is Chandrasekhar mass limit?

(g) Under what condition quantum statistics approaches the classical statistics ?

- 2. Answer the following questions : $2 \times 4 = 8$
 - (a) Write two properties of thermal radiation.
 - (b) Black body radiation is white. Explain.
 - (c) To what temperature must an ideal black body be raised in order to double the total radiation if original temperature is 127 °C?
 - (d) Write one similarity and one difference between B-E and F-D statistics.
- 3. Answer **any three** questions from the following: 5×3=15
 - (a) State law of equipartion of energy. Using this law find an expression of the ratio of two specific heat of a gas. 1+4=5
 - (b) 6 distinguishable particles are to be arranged in 3 compartments of a box. Find the total number of microstates corresponding to the macrostate (0,2,4)and (2,3,1). [There is no restriction of number of particles that can go into any compartment]. $2\frac{1}{2}+2\frac{1}{2}=5$

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- (c) In a metal there are 3.14×10^{27} free electrons per cubic metre. Calculate the Fermi energy.
- (d) Write a note on Bose-Einstein condensation.
- (e) Write the Saha's ionisation formula. Write the assumptions considered to derive the formula.
 2+3=5
- 4. Answer the following :

10×3=30

 (a) Write the statistical definition of entropy. What is its unit ? State the physical significance of entropy giving one example. Derive the relation between entropy and thermodynamic probability. 2+1+2+5=10

Or

Derive Maxwell-Boltzmann law of energy distribution. 10

(b) What is radiation pressure ? Prove that the diffuse radiation exerts a pressure on the walls of the container, equal to

 $\frac{1}{3}$ rd of its energy density. 2+8=10

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Contd.

- From Planck's law of blackbody radiation, derive : 3+7=10
 - (i) Rayleigh-Jeans law

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(ii) Wien's displacement law

(c) Derive Bose-Einstein's distribution law. 10

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Derive the expression of total internal energy of a Fermi-Dirac gas.

